# **Toronto's Drug Checking Service**

Coordinated by the Centre on Drug Policy Evaluation

# Results from 139 samples checked

December 17 – 30, 2022

#### **Key findings**

• In 35 expected<sup>1</sup> fentanyl substances<sup>2</sup>:

| 5% | was the average <sup>3</sup> amount of | 3 – 9% | was the ${\bf range}^4$ of ${\bf fentanyl}$ found in |
|----|--|--------|--|
|    | fentanyl found                         |        | half of the substances <sup>2</sup>                  |

- 6% of the expected<sup>1</sup> fentanyl samples<sup>5</sup> were known to be **associated with an overdose**: all of these samples contained high-potency opioids fentanyl or fluorofentanyl (roughly as strong as fentanyl), usually in combination with a benzodiazepine-related drug and/or xylazine (which are also central nervous system and respiratory depressants)
- 51% of the expected<sup>1</sup> fentanyl samples<sup>5</sup> contained benzodiazepine-related drug(s) and/or xylazine. Of those:
  - o 5% contained benzodiazepine-related drug(s) and xylazine
  - o 86% contained benzodiazepine-related drug(s) (but no xylazine)
  - o 9% contained xylazine (but <u>no benzodiazepine</u>-related drug(s))
- 10% of the expected<sup>1</sup> fentanyl samples<sup>5</sup> contained a nitazene opioid (up to 10 times stronger than fentanyl)
- 4% of the expected<sup>1</sup> fentanyl samples<sup>5</sup> **contained carfentanil** (up to 100 times stronger than fentanyl)
- 19% of the expected<sup>1</sup> fentanyl samples<sup>5</sup> did not contain fentanyl: two thirds of these samples instead contained other high-potency opioids, such as carfentanil, etonitazepyne, or fluorofentanyl, often in combination with benzodiazepine-related drugs or xylazine
- We identified two "new" fentanyl-related drugs: ocfentanil, which is considered to be two to three times stronger than fentanyl, and a furanyl fentanyl-related drug – we know this drug is active, but we are unsure how its strength compares to fentanyl

## **Expected fentanyl substances**

64% (34) of expected<sup>1</sup> fentanyl substances<sup>6</sup> contained fentanyl and other drugs, including:

- o 79% (27) contained caffeine
- o 41% (14) contained at least one additional high-potency opioid (!):
  - o 38% (13) contained fluorofentanyl (!)
  - o 6% (2) contained N-desethyl isotonitazene (!)
  - o 3% (1) contained carfentanil (!)
  - o 3% (1) contained metonitazene (!)
- o 38% (13) contained at least one benzodiazepine-related drug (!):
  - o 21% (7) contained deschloroetizolam (!)
  - o 18% (6) contained bromazolam (!)
  - o 3% (1) contained desalkylgidazepam (!)
- o 6% (2) contained phenacetin (!)
- o 6% (2) contained xylazine (!)

### Unexpected noteworthy drugs found in other expected substances

- 13% (7) of the remaining substances, 6 meaning substances 2 that weren't expected 1 to be fentanyl, contained an unexpected noteworthy drug, including:
  - o 100% (3) of expected<sup>1</sup> carfentanil substances<sup>2</sup> contained fentanyl (!)
  - o 33% (1) of expected¹ carfentanil substances² contained fluorofentanyl (!)
  - o 50% (1) of expected<sup>1</sup> Percocet substances<sup>2</sup> contained fentanyl (!)
  - 50% (1) of expected¹ Percocet substances² contained flubromazepam (benzodiazepine-related) (!)
  - o 100% (1) of expected<sup>1</sup> crack cocaine substances<sup>2</sup> contained levamisole (!)
  - o 100% (1) of expected<sup>1</sup> oxycodone (OxyContin) substances<sup>2</sup> contained metonitazene (!)
  - One expected¹ bromazolam (benzodiazepine-related) substance² that <u>did not contain</u> any benzodiazepine-related drugs<sup>8</sup> contained fentanyl (!), fluorofentanyl (!), and ocfentanil (!)

Not sure what some of these drugs are? View our drug dictionary: <a href="www.drugchecking.cdpe.org/drug-dictionary">www.drugchecking.cdpe.org/drug-dictionary</a>

#### **Notes**

- 1 | Expected (drug): When a sample is submitted to be checked, the drug that sample was bought or got as is recorded. We call it the "expected drug". Knowing the expected drug helps us tailor our harm reduction advice. It also helps us understand contamination to drugs rather than combinations of drugs (e.g., fentanyl was found in a cocaine sample rather than fentanyl and cocaine were found together).
- 2 | Substances: Could be a small amount of powder, crystals, rocks, blotter, or liquid, or a crushed bit of a pill.
- **3 | Average amount**: We arrange the amount of fentanyl found in expected fentanyl substances in ascending or descending order, determine the median (i.e., the middle number), and use that number as the "average". More information about the

amounts of fentanyl, cocaine, carfentanil, etizolam, and caffeine found as a proportion of the total sample submitted for expected opioid, cocaine, crack cocaine, and some other powder substance samples can be found on <u>our website</u>.

- **4 | Range**: Represents the amount of fentanyl found in 50% of the expected fentanyl substances checked. More information about the amounts of fentanyl, cocaine, carfentanil, etizolam, and caffeine found as a proportion of the total sample submitted for expected opioid, cocaine, crack cocaine, and some other powder substance samples can be found on <u>our</u> website.
- **5 | Samples**: Includes both substances and used drug equipment. Substances could be a small amount of powder, crystals, rocks, blotter, or liquid, or a crushed bit of a pill. Used equipment could be a used cooker or filter, or leftover liquid from a syringe.
- **6 | Reason for reporting only substance samples**: While Toronto's Drug Checking Service checks both substances and used equipment, drug equipment like cookers are often re-used. The mass spectrometry technologies used for this drug checking service are so sensitive that very trace amounts of drugs may be found. This means that when equipment is re-used, drugs from past use may present in the results for the sample that is being checked. This can interfere with up-to-date drug supply monitoring, so we've noted when we exclude used equipment from this report.
- **7 | Isotonitazene/protonitazene**: Because isotonitazene and protonitazene have a very similar chemical structure, it is not currently possible for Toronto's Drug Checking Service to differentiate between the two. For this reason, we report the two drugs together.
- **8 | Substances that unexpectedly contain high-potency opioids or benzodiazepine-related drugs and not the expected drug**: Our reports highlight unexpected noteworthy drugs found in all checked substances. When high-potency opioids or benzodiazepine-related drugs are found unexpectedly in a substance sample and the expected drug is not present, we flag it but are hesitant to consider it contamination of the expected drug. Instead, we assume there is an issue with the expected drug: the person who sold or provided the drugs accidentally mixed up their drugs, the service user accidentally mixed up their drugs, or the expected drug was recorded incorrectly during sample collection. These samples require special consideration.
- (!) | Unexpected noteworthy drug: "Noteworthy drugs" are drugs that (i) are linked to overdose or other adverse effects, (ii) are highly potent or related to highly potent drugs, or (iii) may not be desired by some service users. Noteworthy drugs are flagged when they are unexpectedly found in checked samples.

Toronto's Drug Checking Service is a public health service that aims to reduce the harms associated with substance use and, specifically, to prevent overdose by offering people who use drugs timely and detailed information on the contents of their drugs. Beyond educating individual service users, results for all samples are combined, analyzed, and publicly disseminated every other week to communicate drug market trends and inform care for people who use drugs, advocacy, policy, and research. Sign up to receive reports, alerts, and other information on Toronto's unregulated drug supply.

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